

IDENTIFICATION

PRACTICE

Practice

NC – 14

Planned Grazing Systems (CONTINUED)

- (5) Livestock Water Dugouts, high water table
 - (a) Earth Moved, excavation
 - (b) Seed (critical area)
 - (1) Common
 - (2) Certified
 - (c) Mulching
- (6) Pumping Plants
 - (a) Electrical
 - (b) Solar
 - (c) Windmill
- C Rodent Control
 - (1) Pocket Gophers
 - (a) Hand Probe
 - (b) Hand Poisoning
 - (c) Burrow Builder
 - (2) Prairie Dogs
 - (a) Zink Phosphide/Aluminum Phosphide

Practice

NC – 15

Irrigation Surge Valves

* *Practice NC-15 RESCINDED as separate practice effective 7-1-94*

Practice

NC – 16

Windbreak Renovation

Purpose: *To provide for the restoration of farmstead or field windbreaks that have been rendered substantially ineffective due to the death of trees or other windbreak plantings as a result of weather, disease, or other natural causes.*

A **Procedures:** Specifications are to be based on NRCS (formerly SCS) Technical Guides. An additional requirement is that the windbreak renovation plan is to be based on a plan reviewed and approved by a forester of the Nebraska Forest Service. The forester is to certify that the windbreak has lost its effectiveness, should be renovated and, that they approve the plan of renovation. Costs are to be based on average unit costs, where they exist.

ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- (1) In no instance will payment from the Soil & Water Conservation Fund be based on a cost greater than the state-wide average unit cost adopted by the USDA-FSA (formerly USDA-ASCS) this practice.
- (2) This practice is not to include the replanting of the windbreak. Those costs could be, if approved by the NRD, included in the previously-approved windbreak practice or paid for from other sources.